

This record should be retained by the importer or manufacturer of the product. It must be available for inspection if requested by a HSNO enforcement officer.

The importer or manufacturer may find it useful to give a copy of this record (or the non-confidential parts of this record) to companies to whom this product is supplied. If they do not, they must, as a minimum, advise that the product they are supplying is HSNO approved and give the approval number and name of the group standard under which the product is approved. This information could be provided on the safety data sheet (SDS).

The assessor is the person who classifies the substance, assigns it to a group standard and completes this record of assignment.

Product Name

Citric Acid Anhydrous

Product Type/Use

Component acidulant in beverages, confectionery, effervescent salts, in pharmaceutical syrups, medicines, in effervescent powders and tablets. Used to adjust the pH of foods and as synergistic antioxidant. Used in beverages, jellies, jams, preserves and candy to provide tartness. Manufacture of citrate salts.

Company Name

Garden Enterprises and Info Ltd

Company Contact

Wally Richards

Company Address

11 Hair Street Marton, 4710

Name and company of Assessor

Technical Compliance Consultants (NZ) Ltd – Geoffrey Meikle

Group Standard Product assigned to: Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (subsidiary) – HSR002503



Signature of Assessor

1/11/2022

GHS Classification of Product :

Was this product classified using:

- Full composition
- GHS categories
- R-Phrases
- Other – please specify CCID information and Fate Chart. – HSR003138 revoked and put into Group Standard.

Does the use of the product meet that specified for the group standard?

Yes No

Classifying from GHS categories, R-phrases or other hazard property information

If you are classifying from GHS Categories, R-phrases or other hazard property information, this suggests that you do not know the composition of the product for it to be classified from compositional data.

Classifying from compositional data is preferred over the use of GHS Categories or R-phrases.

Do you have information on the composition of the product?

Yes No

If you have to classify from GHS Categories, R-phrases or use other hazard information, you will need a current version of the SDS for the product. The SDS should list any hazardous properties of the product and its components. As best practice, the SDS that you use should have been prepared within the last five years. If it is older than this, then obtain a current version

For guidance on converting R-phrases to their equivalent HSNO classification, refer to section 6 of the document Assigning a Hazardous Substance to a Group Standard (ERMA New Zealand, 2008).

<http://www.epa.govt.nz/Publications/hsnogen-gs-assigning.pdf>

For guidance on converting GHS categories to their equivalent HSNO classification, refer to the following link on the EPA website: <http://www.epa.govt.nz/Publications/hsnogen-ghs-nz-hazard.pdf>

When classifying by conversion from GHS categories or R-phrases, you must complete the following table.

A full copy of the safety data sheet must be attached and forms part of the record.

GHS Category or R-phrase	GHS equivalent	Comment Record any assumptions made in determining the GHS equivalent
Serious eye damage Cat. 1	Serious eye damage Cat. 1	
	specific target organ toxicity – single exposure Cat. 3 respiratory tract irritation	On CCID and fate chart so have included.
6.1E(inh)	Not triggered for GHS7	
6.3B	Not triggered for GHS7	